

Synopsis

- Sustainable crop production and natural ecosystems under changing environments remain a significant challenge.
- It is important to mitigate the impact of changing environments and to expand crop cultivation to novel environments.
- There is a significant knowledge gap:
 - How do specific environmental variables affect plant performance?
 - What genetic or epigenetic factors control plant responses to such environmental variables?

Research Results and Products

- Identified alternative splicing variants and epigenetic factors that plants may employ in order to respond to temperatures.
- Obtained inferred regulatory networks involving epigenetic mechanisms and circadian clock genes.
- Empirically verified several inferred regulatory interactions.

Commercialization and/or Societal Impact Opportunities

- **Application:** Prediction of crop performance and engineering climate resilient plants
- **Key Values:** Sustainable agriculture and ecosystem
- **Potential Customers:** Biotech industry, agriculture and seed company, breeders

Research Objective

- Gain better understanding of how crop plants perceive and acclimate to environmental variables.
- Clarify the molecular mechanisms controlling plant's developmental transition in response to temperature fluctuations.
- Build mathematical models of the gene regulatory network to enable prediction of plant response to diverse environments.

Research Approach

- Characterizing temperature-specific expression of epigenetic factors and splicing isoforms using RNA-sequencing and quantitative reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction (qRT-PCR).
- Identifying downstream genes using network inference algorithms.
- Experimentally validating inferred regulatory networks using CRISPR genome editing and chromatin immunoprecipitation technologies.
- Develop differential equation models of the gene regulatory networks.

Team Names & Collaborators

Fellow:
Dr. Upeksha Hemamali

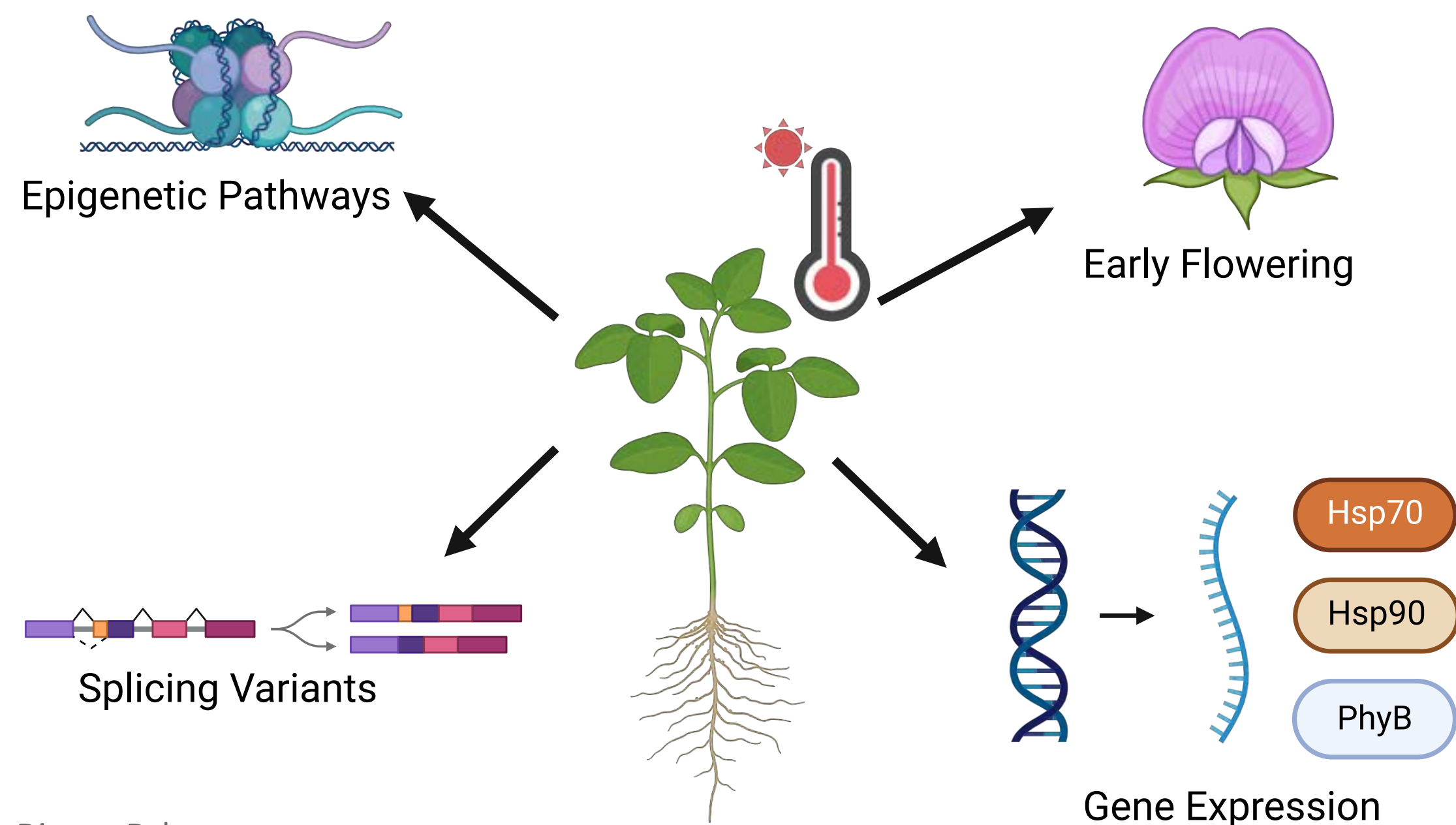
Faculty:
Dr. Yoshie Hanzawa

Collaborator:
Dr. Eric Deeds (UCLA)

Citations

Alcantara, M; Iftikhar, H; Kagan, K; Dzheyranyan, D; Abbasi, P; Alamilla, A; et al.; Hanzawa, Y (2023). Clarifying the Temporal Dynamics of the Circadian Clock and Flowering Gene Network Using Overexpression and Targeted Mutagenesis of Soybean *EARLY FLOWERING 3-1 (GmELF3-1)*. *microPublication Biology*. [10.17912/micropub.biology.000935](https://doi.org/10.17912/micropub.biology.000935).

Alcantara, M; Iftikhar, H; Dzheyranyan, D; Kagan, K; Abbasi, P; Alamilla, A; et al.; Hanzawa, Y (2023). Elucidating the Temporal Patterns of Gene Expression in the Inferred Regulatory Interactions of *GmCOL1b* in *Glycine max*. *microPublication Biology*. [10.17912/micropub.biology.000924](https://doi.org/10.17912/micropub.biology.000924).



Dianna Dzheyranyan

